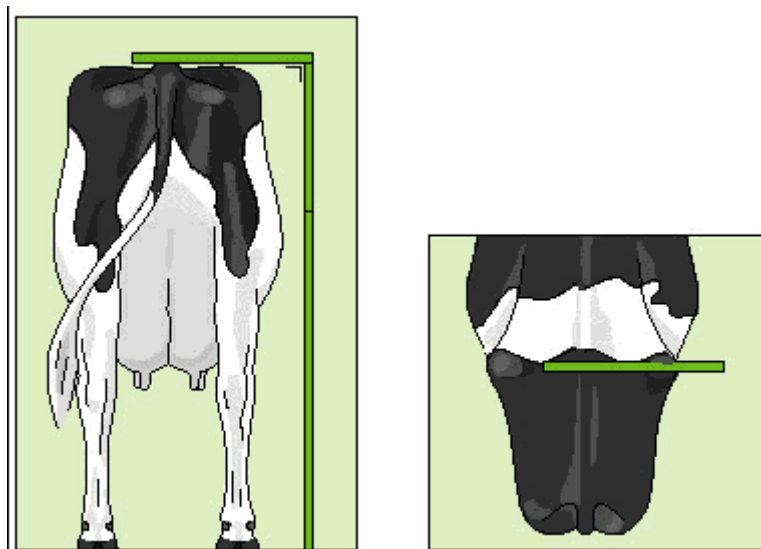


CONFORMATION RECORDING OF DAIRY CATTLE

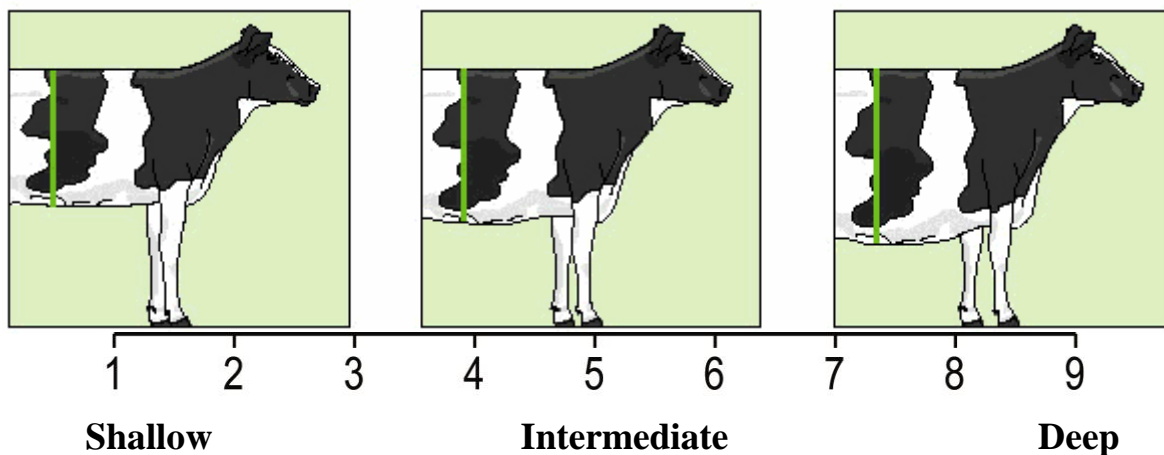
Assessing Linear Conformation Traits - Drawings

Body

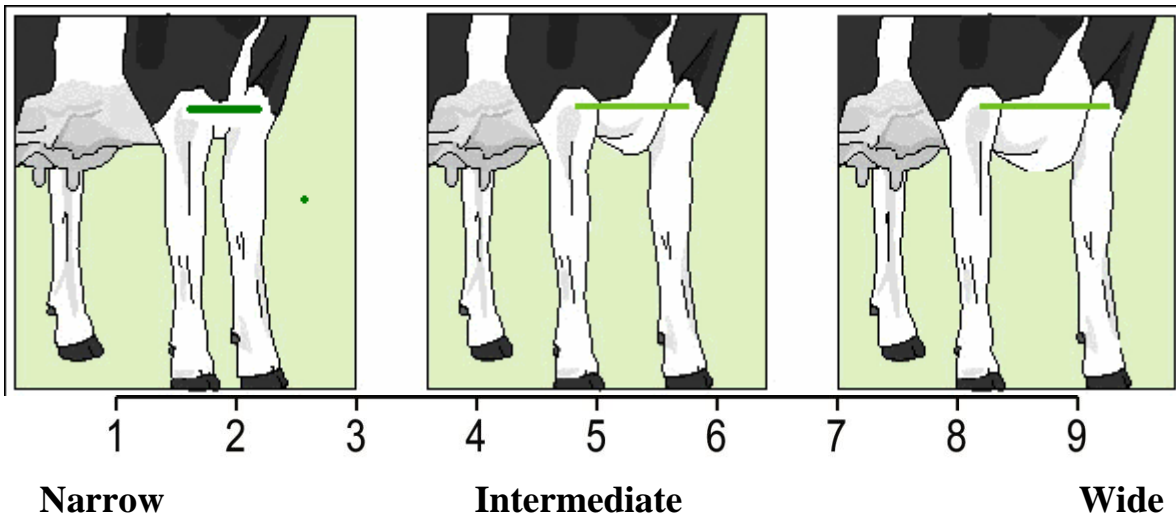
Stature



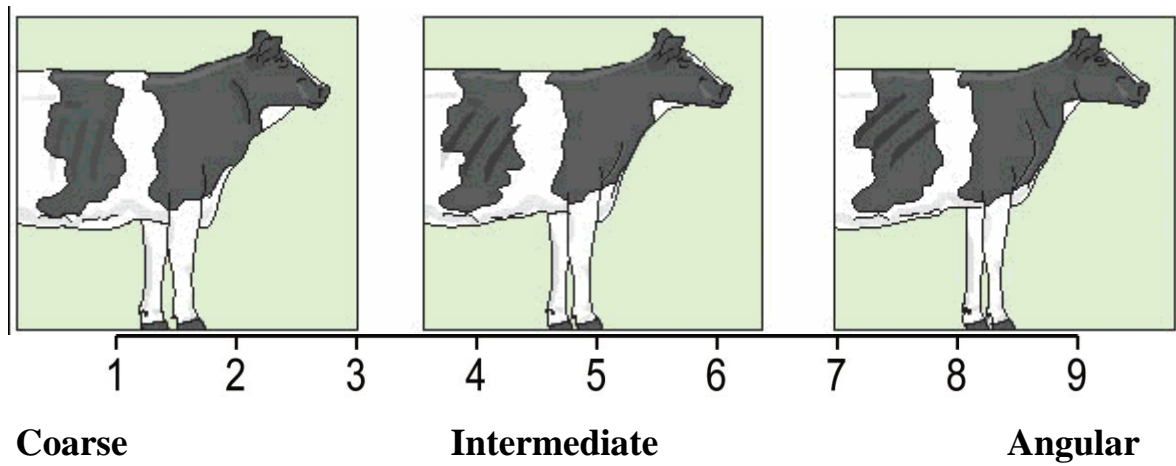
Body Depth



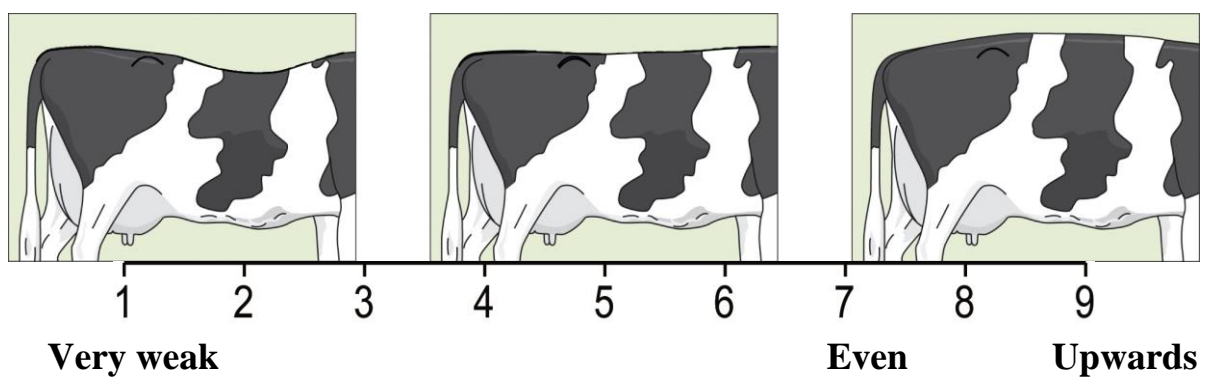
Chest Width



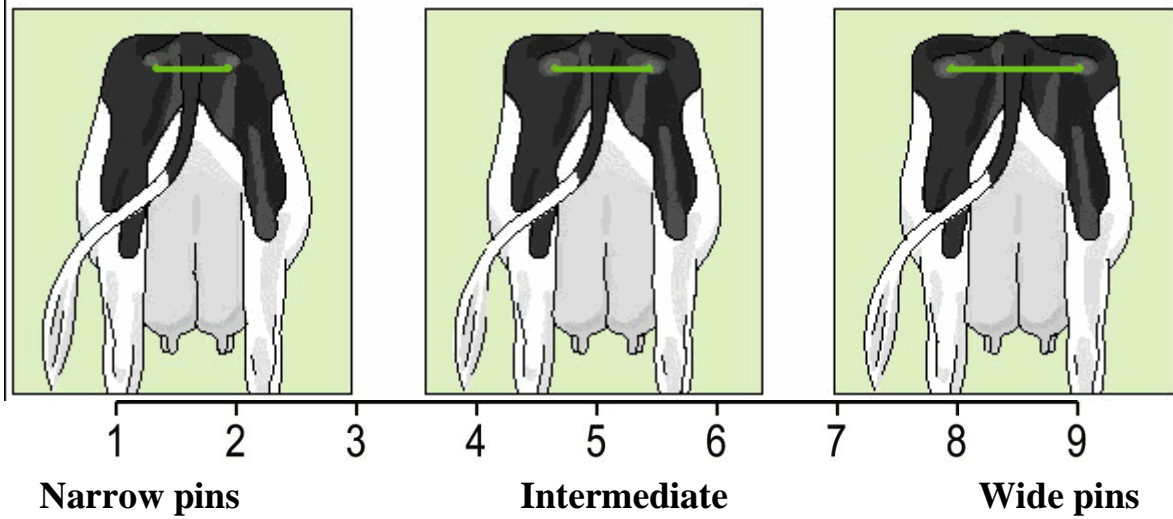
Angularity



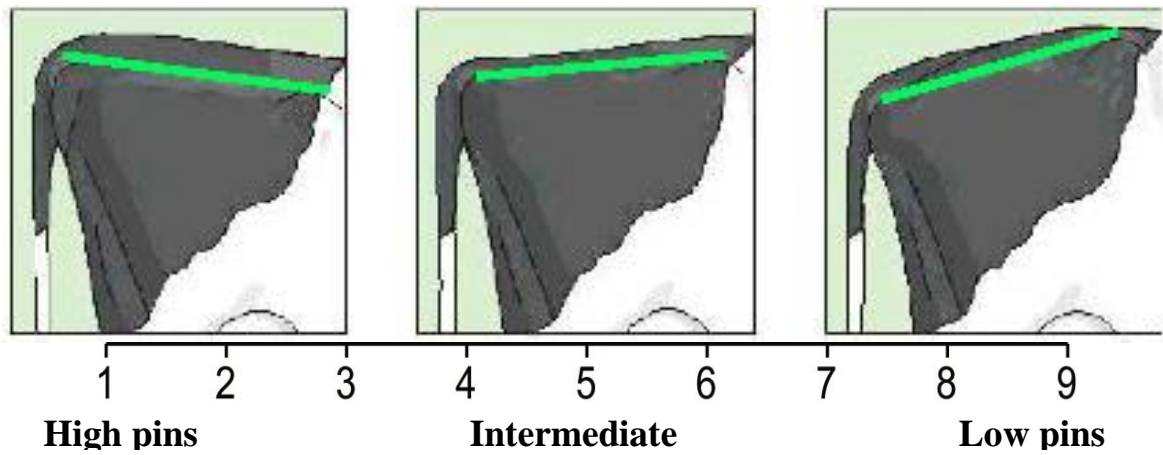
Top Line



Rump Width

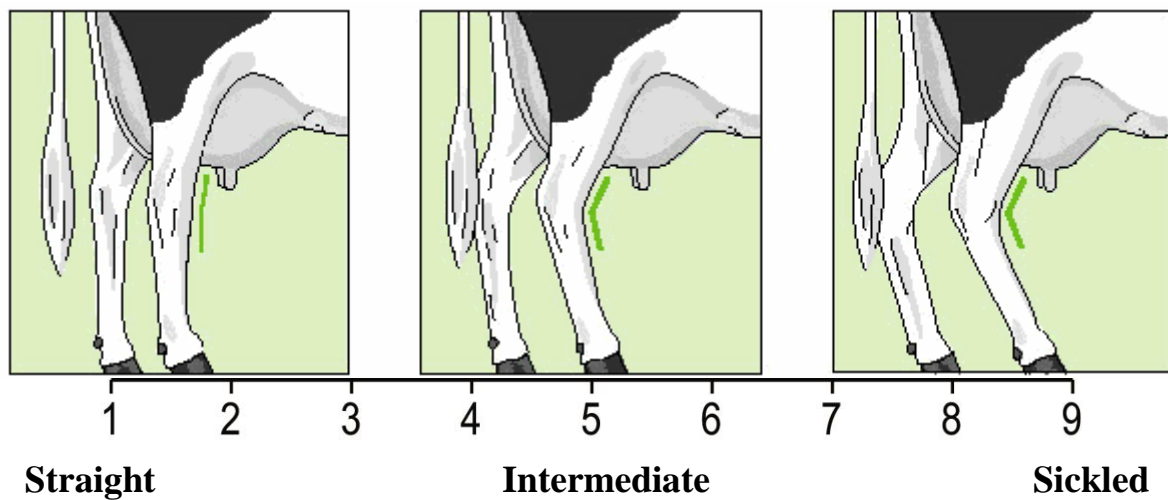


Rump Angle

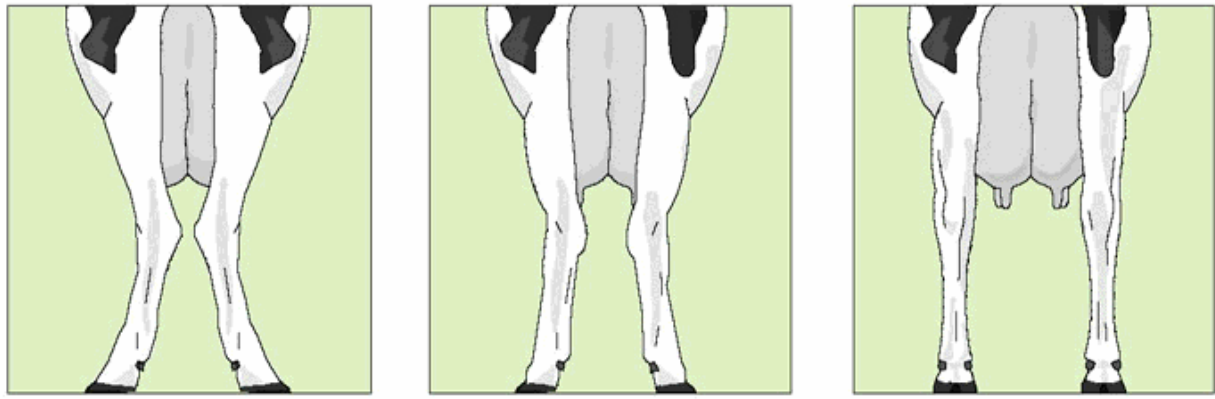


Feet & legs

Rear Leg Side View



Rear Leg Rear View



1 2 3

Toes out

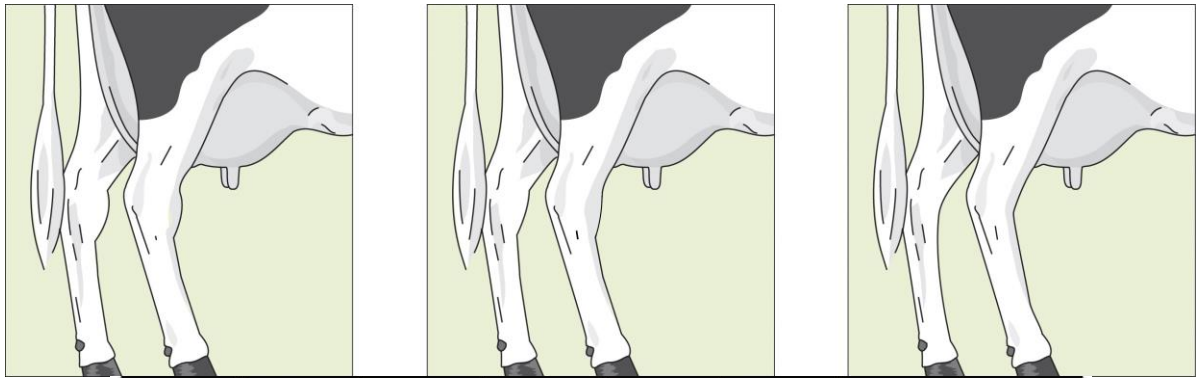
4 5 6

Intermediate

7 8 9

Parallel Bow-legged

Hock Quality



1 2 3

Filled

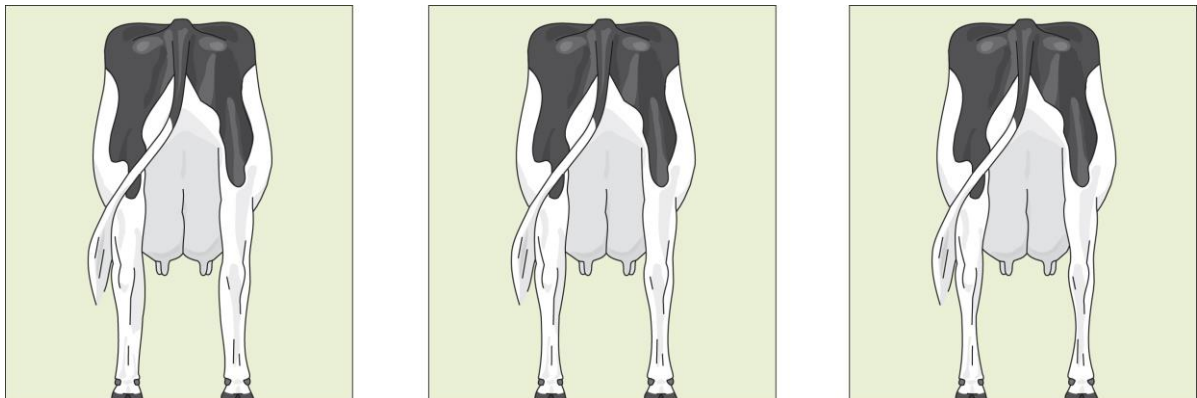
4 5 6

Intermediate

7 8 9

Dry

Bone Structure



1 2 3

Coarse

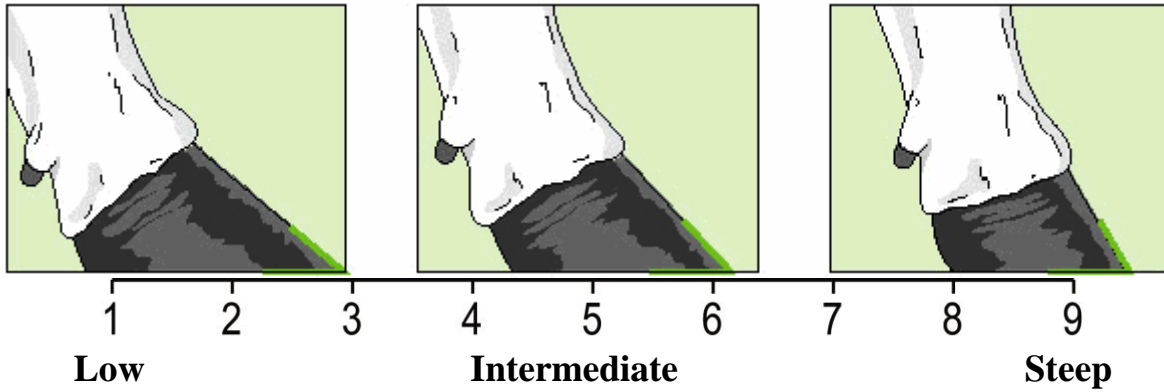
4 5 6

Intermediate

7 8 9

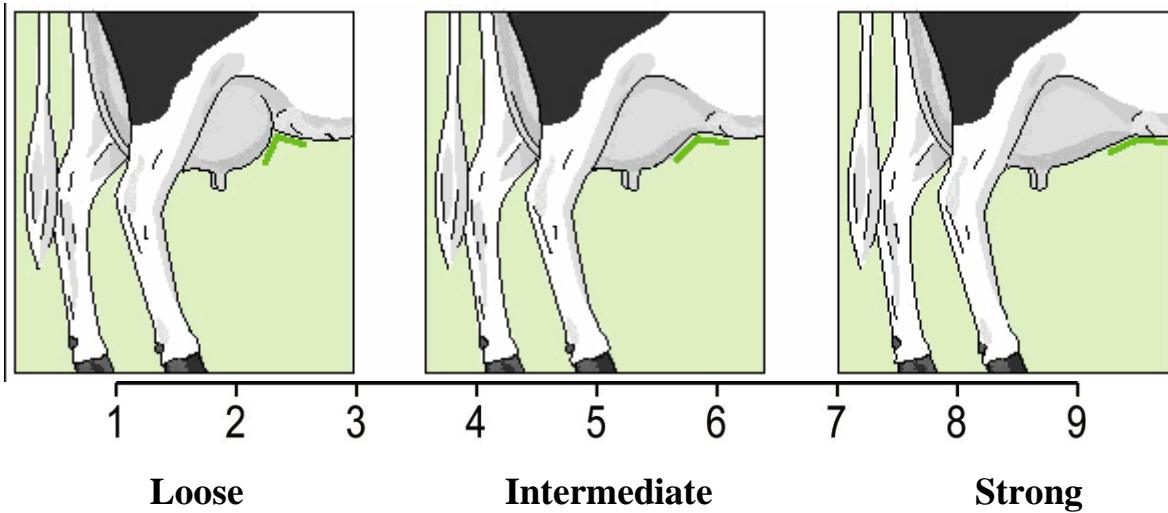
Fine & thin

Foot Angle

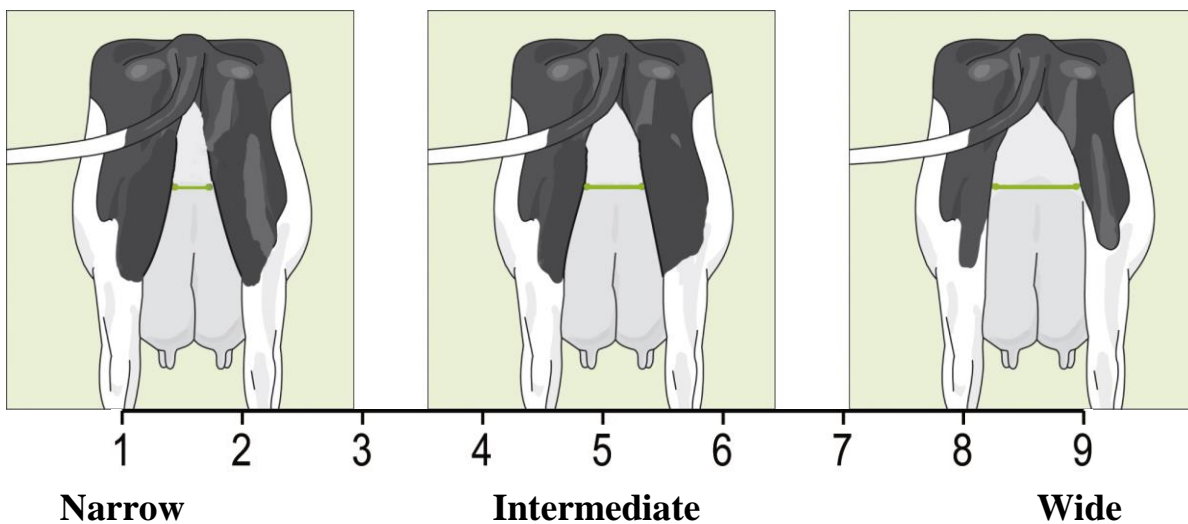


Mammary system

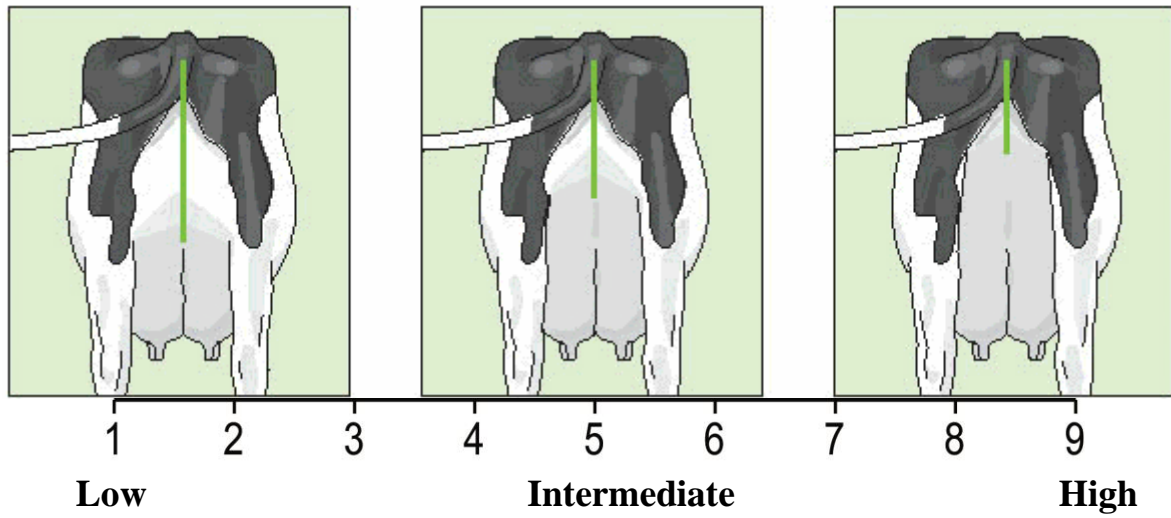
Fore Udder Attachment



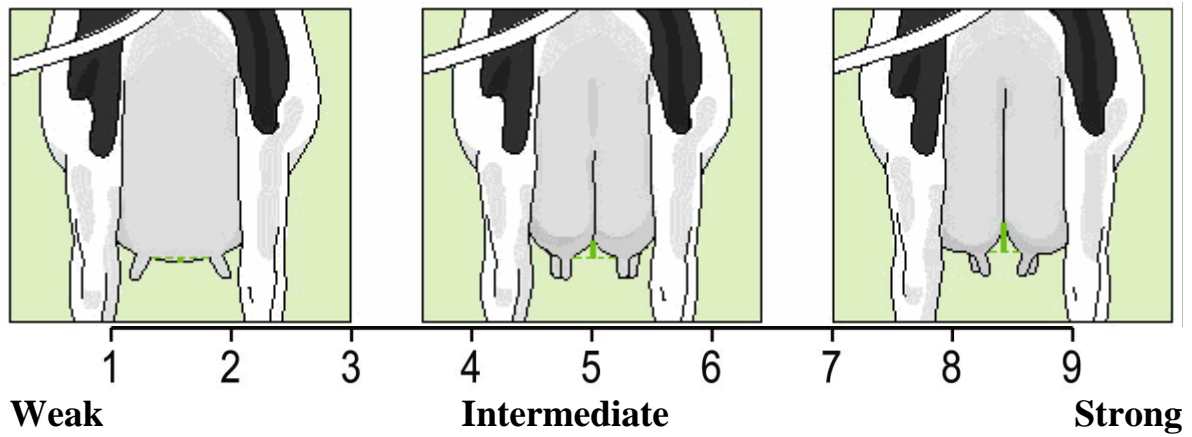
Rear Udder Width



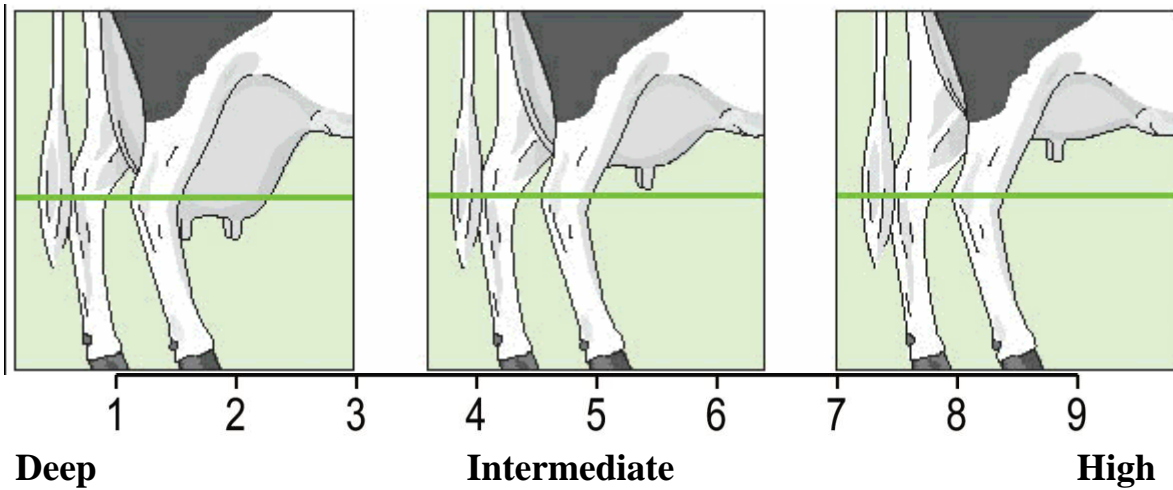
Rear Udder Height



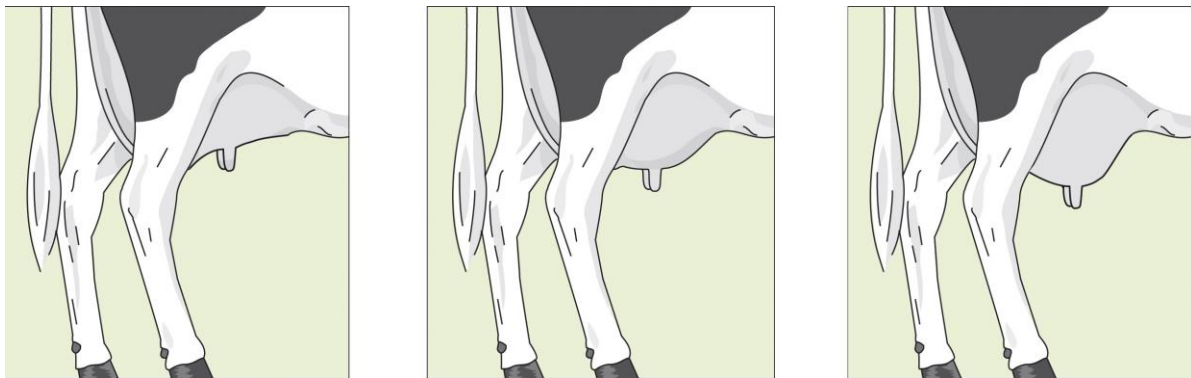
Udder Support



Udder Depth



Udder Balance



1 2 3

4 5 6

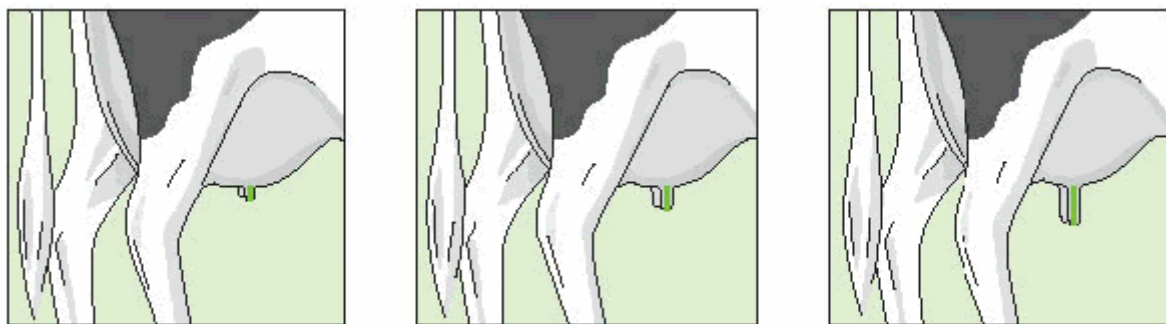
7 8 9

Deep rear udder

Same level

Deep front udder

Teat Length



1 2 3

4 5 6

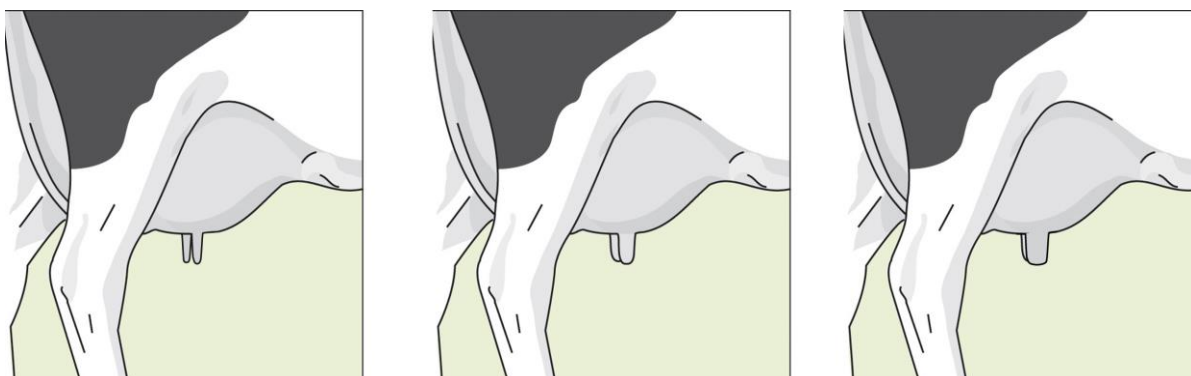
7 8 9

30 mm

50 mm

70 mm

Teat Thickness



1 2 3

4 5 6

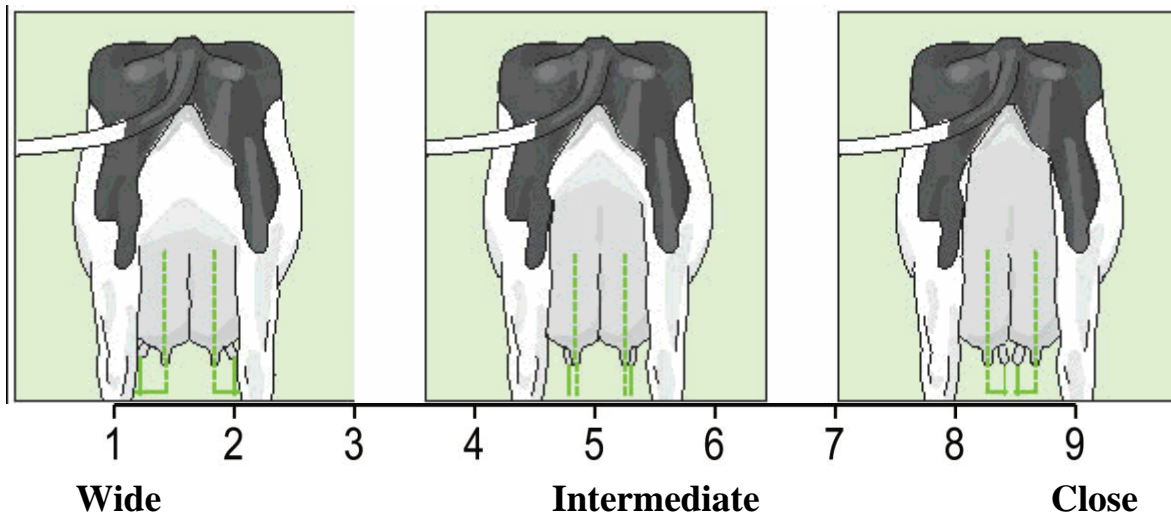
7 8 9

15 mm

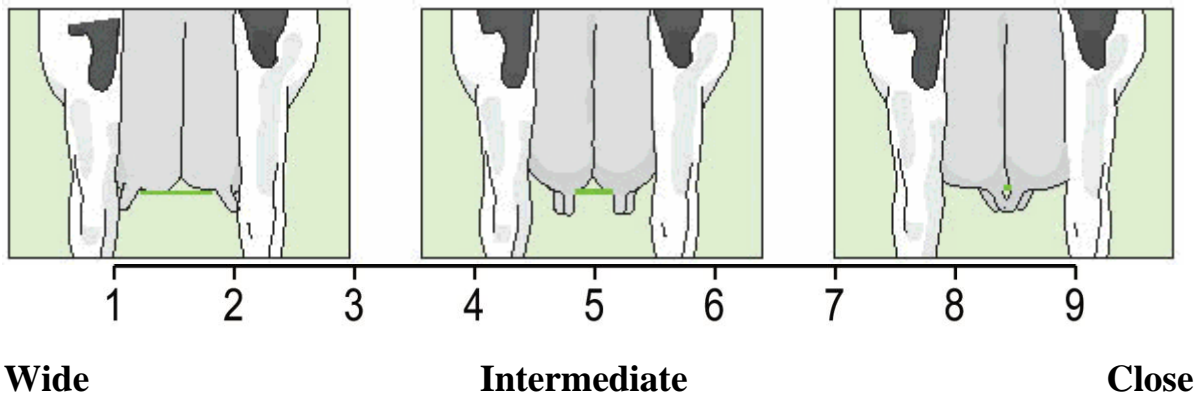
23 mm

31 mm

Front Teat Placement Rear View



Rear Teat Placement Rear View



Body Condition Score

