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Fact sheet

BEST PRACTICE ROUTINES WITH MILKING CLOTHS

In order to achieve successful milking and good udder health, the teats must be clean and dry before attaching the cluster. This requires clean and dry cloths.

HIGH QUALITY CLOTHS

- Microfibre or cotton cloths are the most efficient for drying
- The cloths must be intact – the fabric cannot be thin or full of holes.

Replace all cloths at the same time when the fabric begins to thin.

EFFICIENT WASH

After each milking, the cloths must be washed at 90°C. It is important that the temperature hits 90°C for all bacteria to be removed.

You can purchase self-adhesive temperature indicators at www.maelkevalitet.dk. Place the indicator on the inside of the washing machine door. The indicator changes when the temperature hits 90°C.

- Use a laundry detergent suitable for a hot wash.
- Use the correct dosage.

DRY CLOTHS

- Dry the cloths in a tumble dryer. Bacteria flourish in a wet or moist environment. Therefore, the cloths must be completely dry before use.
- The purpose of drying the teats is to remove all pre-dipping. If the teats are so dirty that it takes wet cloths to clean them, you need to focus on the hygiene in the barn

ONE CLOTH PER COW

- Always use one cloth per cow. Use one corner of the cloth for each teat. Remember to also dry the teat ends.



SCAN THE CODE, WATCH THE VIDEO AND LEARN MORE



Best practice routines with milking cloths

Watch the videos with English subtitles at seges.tv
> Kvæg > English